

METU - Department of Mathematics  
Graduate Preliminary Exam

Real Analysis

February, 2009

**Duration:** 180 min.

1. Characterize metric spaces  $X$  for which the open sets form a  $\sigma$ -algebra.
2. a) Show that if  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is continuous almost everywhere then  $f$  is a Lebesgue measurable function.  
b) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function. Show that the derivative  $f'$  of  $f$  is a Lebesgue measurable function.
3. Construct an example of a subset  $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  satisfying the following properties:
  - (i) the Lebesgue measure of  $D \cap U$  is zero for every open set  $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ ;
  - (ii) the set  $D \cap U$  is of the second category for every nonempty open set  $U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ ;
  - (iii) for every point  $(x_0, y_0) \in D$  the line  $y = y_0 + x_0 - x$  is a subset of  $D$ .
4. a) State the Radon - Nikodym theorem for the interval  $[0, 1]$  with the Lebesgue measure.  
b) State the Hahn decomposition theorem.  
c) Derive the Hahn decomposition theorem for the interval  $[0, 1]$  from the Radon - Nikodym theorem and the Jordan decomposition theorem.