## GRADUATE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION ANALYSIS I (REAL ANALYSIS) Fall 2005 September 12<sup>th</sup>, 2005

## Duration: 3 hours

- **1.** Let  $(X, S, \mu)$  be a measure space, T be a metric space. Let  $f : X \times T \to \mathbf{R}$  be a function. Assume that  $f(\cdot, t)$  is measurable for each  $t \in T$  and  $f(x, \cdot)$  is continuous for each  $x \in X$ . Prove that if there exists an integrable function g such that for each  $t \in T$ ,  $|f(x,t)| \leq g(x)$  for a.a.x, then  $F : T \to \mathbf{R}$ ,  $F(t) = \int f(x,t)d\mu(x)$  is continuous.
- **2.** Let  $\mathcal{G}$  be a set of half-open intervals in **R**. Prove that  $\bigcup_{G \in \mathcal{G}} G$  is Lebesgue measurable.
- **3.** a) Let  $f_n = \sin n^2 x \in L_p[0, 1]$ , where  $1 \le p < \infty$ . Show that  $f_n \to 0$  weakly, but  $f_n \ne 0$  in measure.

**b)** Let  $g_n = n^2 \chi_{[0,\frac{1}{n}]} \in L_p[0,1]$ , where  $1 \leq p < \infty$ . Show that  $g_n \to 0$  in measure, but  $g_n \neq 0$  weakly.

c) Let  $A_n$  be a measurable subset of [0, 1] for each  $n, \chi_{A_n} \in L_1$ , and  $\chi_{A_n} \to f$  weakly in  $L_1$ . Show that f is not necessarily a characteristic function of some measurable set.

4. Let  $f : \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$ . If  $f \in L_1(m) \cap L_2(m)$  where *m* denotes the Lebesgue measure, prove that

a) 
$$f \in L_p(m) \quad \forall 1 \le p \le 2$$

**b)**  $\lim_{p \to 1^+} ||f||_p = ||f||_1.$